House Bill 1175

By: Representatives Pirkle of the 155<sup>th</sup>, Camp of the 131<sup>st</sup>, Campbell of the 171<sup>st</sup>, and Jenkins of the 132<sup>nd</sup>

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 2 of Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 2 standards, labeling, and adulteration of food, so as to authorize and regulate the production, 3 handling, transporting, and sale of raw milk and raw milk products for human consumption; to provide standards for safety, cleanliness, and health for such products and animals 4 5 producing them; to authorize the Commissioner of Agriculture to enforce such standards; to provide for and require permits related to producing, handling, and importing raw milk for 6 7 human consumption and raw milk products for human consumption; to provide for violations 8 of such standards; to require release of certain records at the request of the Commissioner of 9 Agriculture; to amend Article 7 of Chapter 2 of Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia 10 Annotated, relating to milk and milk products, so as to provide for conforming changes; to 11 provide a short title; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other 12 purposes.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

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15 This Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Georgia Raw Dairy Act."

SECTION 2.

17 Chapter 2 of Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to standards,

18 labeling, and adulteration of food, is amended by adding a new article to read as follows:

19 "<u>ARTICLE 18</u>

- 20 26-2-450.
- As used in this article, the term:
- 22 (1) 'Commissioner' means the Commissioner of Agriculture of the State of Georgia.
- 23 (2) 'Department' means the Department of Agriculture of the State of Georgia.
- 24 (3) 'Raw milk for human consumption' means fluid whole milk in its natural state from
- 25 <u>healthy cows, which is intended for human consumption and has been produced under</u>
- such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by or pursuant to this article.
- 27 (4) 'Raw milk products for human consumption' means those milk products, including
- but not limited to cream, ice cream, and condensed, evaporated, concentrated, sterilized,
- or powdered milk, made from raw whole milk intended for human consumption and
- produced under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by or pursuant to this
- 31 article.
- 32 26-2-451.
- Raw milk for human consumption and raw milk products for human consumption which
- are in compliance with this article and in compliance with the rules and regulations
- promulgated pursuant to this article may be sold, offered for sale, or delivered to the
- consuming public for the purpose of human consumption. No raw milk or raw milk
- 37 product may be sold, offered for sale, or delivered for the purpose of human consumption
- if it is not in compliance with this article or the standards or rules and regulations
- 39 prescribed pursuant to this article.

- 40 <u>26-2-452.</u>
- 41 (a) The Commissioner is charged with the responsibility of enforcing this article.
- 42 (b) It shall be the duty of the Commissioner or his or her authorized representative:
- 43 (1) To inspect or cause to be inspected, as often as may be deemed practicable, all
- 44 creameries, public dairies, condenseries, butter factories, cheese factories, ice cream
- 45 <u>factories</u>, or any other places where raw milk for human consumption and raw milk
- products for human consumption are produced, manufactured, kept, handled, stored, or
- 47 sold;
- 48 (2) To prohibit the production, sale, or distribution of unclean or unwholesome raw milk
- 49 <u>for human consumption or raw milk products for human consumption;</u>
- 50 (3) To condemn for food purposes all unclean or unwholesome raw milk for human
- 51 consumption and raw milk products for human consumption, wherever found;
- 52 (4) To take samples anywhere of any raw milk for human consumption or raw milk
- 53 products for human consumption or imitation thereof and cause the same to be analyzed
- or satisfactorily tested;
- 55 (5) To weigh and test raw milk for human consumption and raw milk products for human
- consumption for the purpose of ascertaining the percentage and weight of butterfat or
- other ingredients contained therein; provided, however, that it shall not be necessary for
- the Commissioner to perform the tests if they are being performed by an agency of the
- 59 federal government;
- 60 (6) To inspect and make tests of any instrument or equipment used in the testing or
- 61 measuring of raw milk for human consumption and raw milk products for human
- 62 consumption; and
- 63 (7) To compile and publish in print or electronically annually, or at such shorter intervals
- as he or she may desire, statistics and information concerning all phases of the raw dairy
- industry in this state.

- 66 <u>26-2-453.</u>
- The Commissioner shall have the power to adopt, amend, and repeal rules and regulations
- 68 <u>to implement and enforce this article; provided, however, that all rules and regulations shall</u>
- 69 <u>be of uniform application; and provided, further, that all rules and regulations shall be</u>
- adopted, amended, or repealed in accordance with Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia
- 71 Administrative Procedure Act.' The rules and regulations shall include, but not be limited
- to, the following:
- 73 (1) Rules and regulations to provide for the labeling of raw milk for human consumption
- and raw milk products for human consumption in such manner so as to indicate that the
- 75 raw milk for human consumption or raw milk product for human consumption complies
- with this article and the rules and regulations promulgated under this article;
- 77 (2) Rules and regulations to prescribe the specifications of all glassware, including, but
- not limited to, bottles, pipettes, test tubes, and burrettes, and such other instruments as
- 79 <u>may be used in the testing of raw milk for human consumption and raw milk products for</u>
- 80 human consumption; and
- 81 (3) Rules and regulations to prescribe the specifications for the installation and operation
- 82 <u>of recording thermometers on bulk farm tanks.</u>
- 83 26-2-454.
- 84 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person who does not possess a permit from the department
- 85 to manufacture, bring into, send into, or receive into Georgia or its jurisdiction, have in
- 86 storage, sell or offer for sale therein, or offer to give away any raw milk for human
- 87 <u>consumption or raw milk products for human consumption.</u>
- 88 (b) Only a person who complies with the requirements of this article shall be entitled to
- 89 receive and retain such a permit. Permits shall not be transferable to other persons or
- 90 <u>locations</u>.

91 (c) A milk producer and distributor of raw milk for human consumption shall hold a valid 92 permit issued by the department prior to beginning operation. No permit shall be issued 93 until all parts of the operation meet the requirements of this article. 94 (d) Application for all licenses and permits provided for in this article shall be made to the Commissioner on such forms as he or she may prescribe. All licenses shall be valid for a 95 period of one year unless revoked or suspended as provided in this article. All licenses 96 97 shall be renewable upon submission of all required application forms. The Commissioner 98 may deny, refuse, suspend, or revoke any license, after notice and a hearing, for any 99 violation of or failure to comply with this article or the rules and regulations promulgated 100 hereunder; provided, however, that the hearing shall be held in accordance with Chapter 13

of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'

102 <u>26-2-455.</u>

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(a) Raw milk for human consumption and raw milk products for human consumption shall be examined by the department as often as necessary to determine that they are not adulterated or misbranded. The department may, upon written notice to the owner or person in charge, place a hold order on any raw milk for human consumption and raw milk products for human consumption that it determines, or has probable cause to believe, to be unwholesome or otherwise adulterated or misbranded. Under a hold order, raw milk for human consumption and raw milk products for human consumption shall be permitted to be suitably stored. It shall be unlawful for any person to remove or alter a hold order, notice, or tag placed on raw milk for human consumption or raw milk products for human consumption by the department, and neither such milk or product nor the containers thereof shall be relabeled, repacked, reprocessed, altered, disposed of, or destroyed without permission of the department except on order by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(b) When the freezing point of milk is greater than 0.525 degrees Celsius, the farm shall

be notified that apparently the raw milk contains added water. If a second violation of this

freezing point standard occurs within two years, an observed milking or operation of
processing shall be conducted and samples analyzed. The freezing point obtained from raw
milk collected during the observation shall be used to determine a definite freezing point
from the individual farm. A violation of the determined freezing point for a specific
operation by over 3 percent within two years of setting the standard shall call for a two-day
permit suspension or equivalent.

(c) A cryoscope shall be used to determine adulteration by water.

- 124 (d) When raw milk is found to be adulterated by the presence of drugs, pesticides, herbicides, or other poisonous substances, it shall be impounded and additional samples 125 126 analyzed. Milk found to be adulterated shall be disposed of until analysis shows the product not to be adulterated. If testing reveals raw milk positive for drug residues, the raw 127 milk shall be disposed of in a manner that removes it from the human and animal food 128 129 chain. The department shall immediately suspend the producer's Grade 'A' permit, or 130 equally effective measures shall be taken, to prevent the sale of raw milk containing drug 131 residues, and a penalty shall be imposed. Future sales are prohibited until subsequent testing reveals the milk is free of drug residue. The Grade 'A' producer's permit may be 132 133 reinstated to allow the sale of raw milk for human consumption when a representative 134 sample taken from the producer's raw milk is no longer positive for drug residue. 135 Whenever a drug residue test is positive, a recall shall be initiated and an investigation shall 136 be made to determine the cause. The farm inspection must be completed by the department 137 to determine the cause of the residue and actions taken to prevent future violations, 138 including on-farm changes in procedures necessary to prevent future occurrences as 139 recommended by the department.
- 140 26-2-456.
- (a) All Grade 'A' raw milk for human consumption shall be bottled, packaged, and sealed
- at the same location where produced.

143 (b) All bottles, containers, and packages enclosing raw milk for human consumption shall 144 be labeled in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Federal Food, Drug, and 145 Cosmetic Act as amended, the Nutrition Labeling and Education Act (NLEA) of 1990 and regulations developed thereunder, the Code of Federal Regulations, and in addition shall 146 147 comply with the applicable requirements of this Code section. 148 (c) All bottles, containers, and packages enclosing raw milk for human consumption shall 149 be conspicuously marked with: (1) The words 'Grade A Raw' on the exterior surface. Acceptable locations shall include 150 151 the principal display panel, the secondary or informational panel, or the cap or cover; 152 (2) The identity of the farm where packaged. This identity shall include the name, 153 address, and permit number; (3) The following information statement, in print no smaller than 12 point font, shall be 154 155 included on the package: 'This is a raw milk product that is not pasteurized'; and 156 (4) The common name of the hoofed mammal producing the milk shall precede the name 157 of the milk when the product is made from other than cattle's milk. 158 (d) The department shall not permit the use of any misleading marks, words, or 159 endorsements upon the label. The department may permit the use of registered trade 160 designs or similar terms on the bottle cap or label, when, in its opinion, they are not 161 misleading and are not used to obscure the required labeling. Descriptive labeling terms 162 must not be used in conjunction with the Grade 'A' designation or name of the raw milk and 163 must not be false or misleading. 164 26-2-457.

- 165 (a) Samples of raw milk for human consumption may be taken for scientific examination
- 166 for public health purposes, at any reasonable time or place, and examined bacteriologically
- 167 or for any other public health reason by agents of the department.

(b) Samples of raw milk for human consumption shall be collected and tested prior to a

- permit being issued.
- 170 (c) The producer shall provide to the department satisfactory pathogenic testing results
- 171 prior to:
- (1) Receiving a permit and beginning production or distribution; or
- (2) Reinstatement of a permit that has been suspended because of positive results of
- testing for pathogenic organisms in association with a suspected outbreak of disease.
- 175 (d) During any consecutive six months, at least four samples of raw milk for human
- consumption shall be collected from each producer in at least four separate months, except
- when three months show a month containing two sampling dates separated by at least 20
- days. These samples shall be obtained under the direction of the department or shall be
- 179 taken from each producer under the direction of the department and delivered in
- accordance with this Code section.
- (e) Required bacterial counts, somatic cell counts, and cooling temperature checks shall
- be performed on raw milk for human consumption. In addition, drug tests on each
- producer's milk shall be conducted at least four times during any consecutive six months.
- (f) When multiple samples of the same milk are collected from the same producer from
- multiple tanks on the same day, the laboratory results shall be averaged arithmetically by
- the department and recorded as the official results for that day. This is applicable for
- bacterial, including standard plate count and coliform, somatic cell count, and temperature
- determinations only.
- (g) Whenever two of the last four consecutive bacterial counts, somatic cell counts,
- coliform determinations, or cooling temperatures, taken on separate days exceed the
- standard for the milk required by this article, the department shall send a certified or
- 192 <u>hand-delivered written notice thereof to the person concerned. This notice shall be in effect</u>
- so long as two of the last four consecutive samples exceed the standard. An additional
- sample shall be taken within 21 days of the sending of such notice, but not before the lapse

195 of three days. Immediate suspension of permit shall be implemented whenever the 196 standard is violated by three of the last five bacterial counts, somatic cell counts, coliform 197 determinations, or cooling temperatures. 198 (h) Whenever a pesticide residue test is positive, an investigation shall be made to 199 determine the cause, and the cause shall be corrected. An additional sample shall be taken 200 and tested for pesticide residues, and no milk shall be offered for sale until it is shown by 201 a subsequent sample to be free of pesticide residues or below the actionable levels 202 established for such residues. 203 (i) When sampling for pathogenic organisms is conducted in association with a suspected 204 outbreak of disease, and the samples test positive for pathogenic organisms, the department 205 shall immediately suspend the permit. The permit shall remain suspended until a representative sample containing a minimum of two consecutive milkings are found to be 206 207 free of pathogenic organisms. 208 (j) Samples shall be analyzed at an official or appropriate officially designated laboratory. 209 All sampling procedures and required laboratory examinations shall be in substantial 210 compliance with the latest edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Dairy 211 Products (SMEDP) of the American Public Health Association, and the latest edition of 212 Official Methods of Analysis (OMA) of the Association of Official Agricultural 213 Chemists (AOAC) International. Such procedures, including the certification of sample 214 collectors, and examinations shall be evaluated in accordance with the Evaluation of Milk 215 Laboratories. 216 (k) All violations of bacteria, somatic cell counts, coliform, and cooling temperature 217 standards shall be followed promptly by inspection to determine and correct the cause.

218 <u>26-2-458.</u>

(a) All Grade 'A' raw milk for human consumption shall be produced to conform with the
 following chemical, bacteriological, and temperature standards of this Code section:

(1) Raw milk for human consumption shall be cooled to 10 degrees Celsius or less within

- four hours or less, of the commencement of the first milking, and to 7 degrees Celsius or
- 223 less within two hours after milking, provided that the blend temperature after the first and
- 224 <u>subsequent milkings does not exceed 10 degrees Celsius. All finished, processed, and</u>
- 225 packaged raw milk shall be maintained at 7 degrees Celsius or less after processing,
- during storage, and during transportation;
- 227 (2) Individual producer milk shall not exceed bacteria limits of 20,000 per mL;
- 228 (3) No positive results on drug residue detection methods as referenced in
- 229 <u>Section VI Laboratory Techniques</u>;
- 230 (4) Individual producer milk shall not exceed a somatic cell count of 500,000 per mL,
- except individual producer goat milk shall not exceed 1,000,000 per mL;
- 232 (5) Coliform shall not exceed 10 per gram; and
- 233 (6) Individual producer milk shall not contain any organisms of Escherichia
- 234 <u>Coli, 0157:H7, Salmonella, Listeria Monocytogenes, or Campylobacter. Pathogenic</u>
- testing for such organisms shall be required prior to permitting and in association with
- any outbreak of a foodborne disease.
- 237 (b) No process or manipulation other than appropriate refrigeration shall be applied to milk
- 238 <u>for the purpose of removing or deactivating microorganisms.</u>
- 239 <u>26-2-459.</u>
- All Grade 'A' raw milk for human consumption shall be produced to conform with the
- 241 <u>following sanitation requirements of this Code section:</u>
- 242 (1) Lactating animals which show evidence of the secretion of milk with abnormalities
- in one or more quarters, based upon bacteriological, chemical, or physical examination,
- shall be milked last or with separate equipment and the milk shall be discarded;
- 245 (2) Lactating animals that have been treated with, or have consumed, chemical,
- 246 <u>medicinal or radioactive agents, which are capable of being secreted in the milk and</u>

247 which, in the judgment of the department, may be deleterious to human health, shall be 248 milked last or with separate equipment and the milk disposed of as the department may 249 direct; (3) Milk from lactating animals being treated with medicinal agents, which are capable 250 251 of being secreted in the milk, shall not be offered for sale for such period as is 252 recommended by the attending veterinarian or as indicated on the package label of the 253 medicinal agent; 254 (4) Milk from lactating animals treated with or exposed to insecticides not approved for use on dairy animals by the United States Environmental Protection Agency shall not be 255 256 offered for sale; (5) The department may require additional tests for the detection of milk with 257 258 abnormalities as it deems necessary; 259 (6) Bloody, stringy, off-colored milk, or milk that is abnormal to sight or odor shall be handled and disposed of as to preclude the infection of other lactating animals and the 260 261 contamination of milk utensils; (7) Lactating animals secreting milk with abnormalities shall be milked last or in 262 263 separate equipment which effectively prevents the contamination of the wholesome 264 supply. Milking equipment used on animals with abnormalities in their milk shall be 265 maintained clean to reduce the possibility of re-infecting or cross-infection of the dairy 266 animals; 267 (8) Equipment, utensils, and containers used for the handling of milk with abnormalities 268 shall not be used for the handling of milk to be offered for sale, unless they are first

(9) Processed animal waste derivatives used as a feed ingredient for any portion of the

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cleaned and effectively sanitized;

total ration of the lactating dairy animal shall:

272 (A) Be properly processed in accordance with at least those requirements contained in

- 273 <u>the Model Regulations for Processed Animal Wastes developed by the Association of</u>
- 274 <u>American Feed Control Officials; and</u>
- 275 (B) Not contain levels of deleterious substances, harmful pathogenic organisms, or
- other toxic substances which are secreted in the milk at any level that may be
- deleterious to human health; and
- 278 (10) Unprocessed poultry litter and unprocessed recycled animal body discharges shall
- 279 not be fed to lactating dairy animals.
- 280 <u>26-2-460.</u>
- 281 (a) All raw milk for human consumption within the State of Georgia shall be from healthy
- 282 <u>animals</u>. Raw milk from unhealthy animals shall not be offered for sale, be given away,
- or combined with other milk, for human consumption.
- (b) All animals producing milk for human consumption shall be tested for brucellosis and
- 285 tuberculosis every 12 months. Animals showing positive by lesions or a positive test shall
- be reported to the department, and:
- (1) Shall be separated, and kept separate, from the remainder of the herd;
- 288 (2) A certificate, identifying each animal, signed by a licensed veterinarian and the
- director of the laboratory making the test, shall be filed with the department;
- 290 (3) Shall be retested by a licensed veterinarian at a frequency specified by the United
- States Department of Agriculture (USDA), and test results shall be filed with the
- department; and
- 293 (4) Disposition of diseased animals shall be conducted in accordance with guidelines
- 294 published by the USDA and shall be reported to the department.
- 295 (c) For diseases other than brucellosis and tuberculosis, the department shall require such
- 296 physical, chemical, or bacteriological tests as it deems necessary. The diagnosis of other

diseases in dairy animals shall be based upon the findings of a licensed veterinarian. Any

- 298 <u>diseased animal disclosed by such test shall be disposed of as the department directs.</u>
- 299 (d) Animals shipped into Georgia for the purpose of milking shall be tested for
- 300 <u>tuberculosis and brucellosis within 30 days prior to being brought into the state.</u>
- 301 Brucellosis testing shall not be required for any cattle that have been vaccinated for
- 302 <u>brucellosis and are under 30 months of age.</u>
- 303 (e) Records supporting the tests required in this Code section shall be available to the
- department and be validated with the signature of a licensed veterinarian.
- 305 <u>26-2-461.</u>
- Each producer of raw milk for human consumption shall develop and maintain procedures
  for the notification of regulatory officials, consumer notification, and product recall, and
  shall implement any of these procedures as necessary with respect to any product for which
  the producer or the department knows or has reason to believe circumstances exist that may
  adversely affect its safety for the consumer. If the department determines, based upon
  representative samples, risk analysis, information provided by the producer, and other
  information available to the department, that the circumstances present an imminent hazard
- 313 to the public health and that a form of consumer notice or product recall can effectively
- 314 avoid or significantly minimize the threat to public health, the department may order the
- producer to initiate a level of product recall or, if appropriate, issue a form of notification
- 316 to customers. The producer shall be responsible for disseminating the notice in a manner
- designed to inform customers who may be affected by the problem.
- 318 <u>26-2-462.</u>
- 319 (a) No raw milk for human consumption or raw milk products for human consumption
- 320 <u>shall be shipped into Georgia from any other state unless produced and handled under</u>
- 321 <u>sanitary conditions no less adequate for the protection of public health and welfare than the</u>

conditions of this state, and then not until authorization for the shipping of milk or milk

323 products has been issued by the Commissioner after careful investigation. 324 (b) Any applicant who desires to ship raw milk for human consumption or raw milk 325 products for human consumption into this state shall furnish certified copies of all laws, 326 rules, and regulations pertaining to the sanitary standards in force in the area where the 327 product which he or she wishes to bring into this state is produced, processed, handled, and 328 sold, together with certified copies of any and all licenses, permits, certificates, test results, 329 and inspection reports pertaining to the production, processing, marketing, handling, and 330 sale of the raw milk for human consumption or raw milk products for human consumption. 331 If the Commissioner finds that such product is produced, processed, marketed, and handled 332 under sanitary conditions no less adequate than those applicable in this state, he or she may authorize the shipping of the raw milk for human consumption or raw milk products for 333 334 human consumption into this state. If the applicant is unable to comply with this 335 subsection, he or she may request an inspection under subsection (c) of this Code section. 336 (c) Upon application from a person who desires authorization to ship any raw milk for 337 human consumption or raw milk products for human consumption into this state and upon 338 the payment by the person of the amount of actual expense necessary to make an 339 inspection, the Commissioner shall cause an inspection to be made. If, upon inspection, 340 the requirements of this article and the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder are 341 found to be met, the Commissioner shall authorize the shipment of the milk or milk 342 product.

343 <u>26-2-463.</u>

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344 (a) The Commissioner shall be charged with the enforcement of this article and shall have 345 the power and authority, in connection with this and other provisions dealing with milk, 346 food, or food products, to revoke or cancel the permit or license of any person doing

347 business in this state who violates the laws of this state or the rules and regulations made 348 pursuant thereto. 349 (b) Any raw milk for human consumption or raw milk products for human consumption 350 shipped into this state or produced, processed, or delivered in this state in violation of the 351 laws of this state or the rules and regulations promulgated by the Commissioner pursuant thereto shall be condemned by the Commissioner and may be rendered unfit for marketing 352 353 by the addition of a pyoktanin solution or other approved harmless coloring matter to notify 354 the consuming public that the milk or milk product is ungraded and unfit for human 355 consumption. (c) The enforcement methods authorized by this article shall be cumulative of those 356 provided otherwise by law, and the same are not superseded by this article. 357 358 26-2-464. 359 (a) Any person operating under this article shall furnish, upon the request of the 360 Commissioner, such data and statistics as he or she may require. 361 (b) All persons operating under this article shall keep complete and accurate records of 362 their operations, and the Commissioner shall have free access to all such records. 363 26-2-465. 364 Any person, firm, or corporation subject to this article and the other milk laws of this state 365 who violates any of said provisions or any valid rules and regulations made thereunder may 366 be enjoined from such continued violation. The Commissioner is authorized to apply for, 367 and for cause shown the superior court having jurisdiction of the defendant in any such action may grant, injunctive relief, by interlocutory injunction, permanent injunction, or 368 369 temporary restraining order, as the circumstances may warrant. The proceeding may be 370 maintained notwithstanding the pendency of any civil action and notwithstanding the 371 pendency of or conviction in a criminal proceeding arising from the same transaction.

Such action may be maintained without bond. The purpose of this Code section is to create
a statutory cause of action by way of injunction, and the Commissioner is authorized to
bring such proceedings in the same form and manner and in the same court as other
equitable proceedings may be brought. This remedy is not exclusive but is cumulative of
other remedies afforded to protect the consuming public from unwholesome products
which are economic frauds.

- 378 26-2-466.
- 379 It shall be unlawful:
- 380 (1) To handle raw milk for human consumption or raw milk products for human
- consumption in unclean or unsanitary places or in an unsanitary manner;
- 382 (2) To keep, store, or prepare for market any raw milk for human consumption or raw
- 383 <u>milk products for human consumption in the same building or enclosure where any hide</u>
- or fur or any cow, horse, nontraditional livestock, hog, or other livestock is kept;
- 385 (3) To handle or ship raw milk for human consumption or raw milk products for human
- consumption in unclean or unsanitary vessels;
- 387 (4) To expose raw milk for human consumption or raw milk products for human
- 388 consumption to flies or to any contaminating influence likely to convey pathogenic or
- 389 <u>other injurious bacteria;</u>
- 390 (5) For any common carrier, railway, or express company to neglect or fail to remove or
- 391 <u>ship from its depot, on the day of its arrival there for shipment, any raw milk for human</u>
- 392 consumption or raw milk products for human consumption left at the depot for
- 393 <u>transportation;</u>
- 394 (6) For any common carrier, railway, or express company to allow merchandise of a
- contaminating nature to be stored on or with raw milk for human consumption or raw
- 396 <u>milk products for human consumption;</u>

397	(7) To use or possess any branded or registered cream can or milk can or ice cream
398	container for any purpose other than the handling, storing, or shipping of raw milk for
399	human consumption or raw milk products for human consumption; provided, however,
400	that no person other than the rightful owner thereof shall use or possess any can, bottle,
401	or other receptacle if such receptacle shall be marked with the brand or trademark of the
402	owner. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit the temporary possession by a business
403	involved in the normal processing, distribution, or retail sale of dairy products of any can,
404	bottle, or other receptacle which is marked with the brand or trademark of another person
405	or entity prior to its return to the rightful owner in the normal course of business, or if
406	purchased from the rightful owner;
407	(8) To sell or offer for sale ice cream from a container or a compartment of a cabinet or
408	fountain which contains any article of food other than ice cream or dairy products;
409	(9) To sell or offer for sale raw milk for human consumption or raw milk products for
410	human consumption that are not pure and fresh and handled with clean utensils;
411	(10) To sell or offer for sale raw milk or cream from diseased or unhealthy animals or
412	which was handled by any person suffering from or coming in contact with persons
413	affected with any contagious disease;
414	(11) To sell or offer for sale any raw milk or cream which shall have been exposed to
415	contamination or into which shall have fallen any unsanitary articles or any foreign
416	substance which would render the raw milk or cream or the product manufactured
417	therefrom unfit for human consumption; or
418	(12) To sell or offer for sale raw milk for human consumption or raw milk products for
419	human consumption which do not comply with the standards and requirements of this
420	article or the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder.

- 421 <u>26-2-467.</u>
- 422 Any person who violates this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

423 **SECTION 3.** 

- 424 Article 7 of Chapter 2 of Title 26 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to milk
- and milk products, is amended by revising Code Section 26-2-231, relating to definitions, as
- 426 follows:
- 427 "26-2-231.
- 428 (a) As used in this article, the term:
- (1) 'Commissioner' means the Commissioner of Agriculture for the State of Georgia.
- (2) 'Cream tester' means any person who performs the act of sampling or testing milk,
- cream, or other dairy products, the test of which is to be used as a basis for making
- payment for said products.
- 433 (3) 'Dairy manufacturing plants' means creameries, condenseries, public dairies, butter
- factories, cheese factories, ice cream factories, and other like factories, and any other
- concerns that manufacture dairy products for sale at either retail or wholesale; provided,
- however, that the term dairy manufacturing plant shall not include a retail frozen dessert
- packager which is otherwise permitted as a food service establishment pursuant to
- 438 Article 13 of this chapter.
- (4) 'Department' means the Department of Agriculture of the State of Georgia.
- 440 (5) Reserved.
- 441 (6) Reserved.
- 442 (7) 'Manufactured milk products' means those milk products, including condensed,
- evaporated, concentrated, sterilized, or powdered milk, made from raw whole milk for
- manufacturing purposes and processed in such a manner and under such conditions as to
- remove or sterilize, as far as is possible, any contaminated matter contained in the raw
- milk from which the products were manufactured, under such rules and regulations as
- may be prescribed to ensure that result.
- 448 (8) Reserved.
- 449 (9) Reserved.

- 450 (10) 'Person' means any individual, partnership, firm, company, or corporation.
- 451 (11) 'Public dairies' means any place where milk and cream are purchased from
- producers and sold or kept for sale, either at wholesale or retail.
- 453 (12) 'Raw whole milk for manufacturing purposes' means fluid whole milk in its natural
- state from healthy cows, which milk has not been produced and handled in compliance
- with the requirements for Grade A milk.
- 456 (13) Reserved.
- (14) 'Ungraded milk' means all fluid whole milk in its natural state, which milk fails to
- meet the requirements of Grade A milk or, raw whole milk for manufacturing purposes
- as defined in this article, or raw milk for human consumption, as provided for in
- 460 <u>Article 18 of this chapter.</u>
- 461 (b) Unless otherwise defined in this article, the following words shall have the meanings
- respectively ascribed to them in the May, 2001, Amended Version of the Grade A
- Pasteurized Milk Ordinance Recommendations of the United States Public Health
- Service Food and Drug Administration and supplements thereto:
- 465 (1) 'Grade A buttermilk';
- 466 (2) 'Grade A chocolate milk';
- 467 (3) 'Grade A milk, pasteurized':
- 468 (4) 'Grade A modified solids milk';
- 469 (5) 'Grade A skim milk';
- 470 (6) 'Grade A whole milk';
- 471 (7) 'Pasteurization'; and
- 472 (8) 'Raw cow's milk.'
- 473 (c) Unless otherwise defined in this article, the following words shall have the meanings
- 474 respectively ascribed to them in 'Frozen Desserts,' 21 C.F.R. Sec. 135.3, 21 C.F.R.
- 475 Sec. 135.110 135.160 (1979):
- 476 (1) 'Ice cream';

- 477 (2) 'Frozen custard';
- 478 (3) Reserved;
- 479 (4) 'Sherbet'; and
- 480 (5) 'Water ices.'"

**SECTION 4.** 

- 482 Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 26-2-242, relating to standards and
- 483 requirements as to sale of milk and milk products generally, labeling, and sale of ungraded
- 484 milk, raw whole milk, condensed or evaporated milk, as follows:
- 485 "26-2-242.
- 486 (a) Milk and milk products which are in compliance with this article and in compliance
- with the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this article may be sold, offered for
- sale, or delivered to the consuming public for the purpose of human consumption, provided
- the container in which the milk or milk product is sold, offered for sale, or delivered has
- affixed thereto or printed thereon labels approved by the Commissioner. No milk or milk
- 491 product may be sold, offered for sale, or delivered for the purpose of human consumption
- if it is not in compliance with this article or the standards or rules and regulations
- 493 prescribed pursuant to this article unless such product complies with the standards and
- requirements of Article 18 of this chapter and the rules and regulations promulgated
- thereunder.
- 496 (b) The sale, offering for sale, or delivery of ungraded milk is prohibited except as
- 497 provided in Article 18 of this chapter.
- 498 (c) No raw whole milk for manufacturing purposes may be offered for sale in this state to
- anyone except processors and manufacturers properly licensed and inspected to
- manufacture and process manufactured milk products.
- (d) It shall be unlawful to sell, keep for sale, or offer for sale any condensed or evaporated
- milk, concentrated milk, sweetened condensed milk, sweetened evaporated milk,

sweetened concentrated milk, sweetened evaporated skimmed milk, or any of the fluid derivatives of any of them, to which shall have been added any fat or oil other than milk fat, either under the name of the products or articles or the derivatives thereof, or under any fictitious or trade name whatsoever."

507 SECTION 5.

Said article is further amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 26-2-243, relating to intermingling of Grade A milk or milk products with other grades, inspections, permit requirements, and enforcement powers of Commissioner, as follows:

"(b) No person producing, handling, processing, manufacturing, or dealing in milk or milk products, which person produces, receives, distributes, or in any manner handles Grade A raw whole milk, Grade A pasteurized whole milk, or Grade A milk products, shall receive, store, handle, distribute, or otherwise allow raw milk for human consumption, raw milk products for human consumption, or raw whole milk for manufacturing purposes to be introduced upon the premises where the operations are conducted. At all times, such person shall be subject to inspection by the Commissioner and shall hold a Grade A permit, issued by the Commissioner, to deal in Grade A milk and Grade A milk products and shall conduct business pursuant to the laws of this state and the rules and regulations of the Commissioner made thereunder, to the end that milk products shall be handled only in the manner provided for in this article and that inferior quality milk not be sold to the consuming public as superior quality milk."

**SECTION 5.** 

- Said article is further amended by revising paragraph (12) of Code Section 26-2-249, relating to unlawful acts, as follows:
- 526 "(12) To sell or offer for sale milk, cream, butter, cheese, ice cream, or other dairy 527 products which do not comply with the standards and requirements of this article or the

528	rules and regulations promulgated hereunder unless such products comply with the
529	standards and requirements of Article 18 of this chapter and the rules and regulations
530	promulgated thereunder."

**SECTION 6.** 

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.